

- A dan B INDEPENDENT → $P(A \cap B) = P(A) \cdot P(B)$
- Berkas dan kawat bolu belok P → $P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$ [Disjungsi $P(A \cap B) = 0$]
- LAPLACE → $P(A) = \frac{\text{Atasnya kasus}}{\text{Kasus mungkin}}$
- A gerbakan P B gerbaku dala jalinan → $P(A/B) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)}$ [independen → $P(A/B) = P(A)$
 tidak → $P(A/B) \neq P(A)$]
- PARTISIPASI TEOREMA → $P(A \cup B) = \frac{P(B/A) \cdot P(A)}{P(B/A) \cdot P(A) + P(A/B) \cdot P(B)}$
- ORDINARI KORUS → $\binom{n}{r} = \frac{n!}{r!(n-r)!}$ { n: gerbaku kopras
 r: gerbaku belinet kopras }
 $n!$
 $r!$

1 DIMENSIO

DIMENSIO BAHAN

DISKRETTA: $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} P_n = P_0 + P_1 + P_2 + \dots + P_n = 1$

JARAKTUA: $\int_{-a}^a f(x) dx = 1$ | $F(x) = \int_{-\infty}^x f(x) dx$

Diagram: $f(x) = k = \frac{\text{massa}}{\text{volume}} = \frac{1}{b-a}$
 $n = \frac{a-b}{2}$
 $\sigma^2 = \frac{(b-a)^2}{12}$

BARANGKA UNIFORM

2 DIMENSIO

DI DIMENSIO

BARANGKA FUNGSI: $F(x) = \int_{-\infty}^x f(x) dx$
 $F(y) = \int_{-\infty}^y f(y) dy$
 $F(x,y) = \int_{-\infty}^x \int_{-\infty}^y f(x,y) dx dy$

DISKRETTA: $f(x,y) = \frac{\text{massa}}{\text{volume}}$

INDEPENDENT: $f(x,y) = f(x) \cdot f(y)$
 \log pada horizontal probabilitas gutter batur

- 4 gerbaku P x gerbaku dala jalinan → $f(x,y) = \frac{f(x,y)}{f(x)}$
 x → terbesar ngaku
 y → x-en menge ngaku

- P punden aplikaturo k moment → $d.p. = E((x-p)^2)$ non $P = \frac{a+b}{2}$ (redko punda)
- A punden aplikaturo 2. moment → $d.p. = \sigma^2 \cdot (n-1)^2$

- BATALBESTEKAL** → $k = m \cdot E(x)$
- k MOMENTU → $M_k = E((x-m)^k)$
 k=2 → **BARANGKA** → $M_2 = \sigma^2 = E((x-m)^2) = E(x-m)^2 \cdot P(x) = \sigma^2 \cdot d.p. = E(x^2) - E(x)^2 = E(x^2) - m^2$

- $\sigma^2 = \sigma_x^2 + \sigma_y^2 + 2 \cdot \text{cov} \cdot \text{cor}$ non $\text{cov} = E(x \cdot y) - m_x \cdot m_y$
- KORRELATIO KOFISIEN → $\rho = \frac{\text{cov}}{\sigma_x \cdot \sigma_y}$
 $-1 \leq \rho \leq 1$
 $\rho = 0$ → $\text{cov} = 0$
 $\rho = 1$ → x dan y horizontal
 $\rho = -1$ → x dan y horizontal

- KORRELATIO MATRIX → $n = \begin{vmatrix} \sigma_x^2 & \text{cov} \\ \text{cov} & \sigma_y^2 \end{vmatrix}$
 $\text{cov} = \sigma_x \cdot \sigma_y \cdot \rho \rightarrow \rho^2 \leq 1$
- BARANGKA JARAKTUA UNIFORM → $\sigma^2 = \frac{(b-a)^2}{12}$

- ASMETRIA KOFISIEN → $\gamma_1 = \frac{M_3}{\sigma^3}$
 $\begin{cases} = 0 & \text{SIMETRIS} \\ > 0 & \text{CURVA BUKANA} \\ < 0 & \text{CURVA BUKANA} \end{cases}$
- KURTOSIS KOFISIEN → $\gamma_2 = \frac{M_4}{\sigma^4}$
 $\begin{cases} = 0 & \text{BARANGKA NORMALAN KORRELASUNA} \\ > 0 & \text{KORRELASUNA} \\ < 0 & \text{KORRELASUNA} \end{cases}$

2 DIMENSIO BATALBESTEKAL

JARAKTUA: $E_x = \int_a^b x \cdot f(x) dx = d.p.$
 $E_y = \int_a^b y \cdot g(y) dy = d.p.$
 $E_{xy} = \int_a^b \int_a^b x \cdot y \cdot f(x,y) dx dy = d.p.$

DISKRETTA: $E(x) = m \cdot E(x) \cdot P(x)$
 $E(x,y) = E(x) \cdot P(x) + E(y) \cdot P(y)$

INDEPENDENT BAKI → $E_{xy} = E_x \cdot E_y$

2 DIMENSIONAL ALGEBRAIK MOMENTUM

- Distribusi \rightarrow $E(x, y) = \sum_{x=0}^{\infty} \sum_{y=0}^{\infty} (x-y)^k \cdot f(x, y)$
- Jarak momen \rightarrow $E(x, y) = \sum_{x=0}^{\infty} \sum_{y=0}^{\infty} (x-y)^k \cdot f(x, y)$
- $\mu_{10} = 0 = E(x, y)$
- $\mu_{01} = 0 = E(x, y)$
- $\mu_{20} = \sigma_x^2 = E((x-m)^2)$
- $\mu_{02} = \sigma_y^2 = E((y-m)^2)$
- $\mu_{11} = \text{Cov}(x, y) = E((x-m) \cdot (y-m)) = E(xy) - m_x m_y$

(x, y) fungsi
aplikasi ke x & y
momen

BINOMIAL

- $X \sim b(n, p)$ & $P = \binom{n}{x} p^x q^{n-x}$
- LEVI: $Z = x/y \rightarrow Z \sim b(p, n+1)$
- POISSON $\rightarrow X \sim P(\lambda)$

$\begin{cases} m = np \\ \sigma^2 = npq \\ x: \text{urutan ke } n \text{ percobaan} \\ q = 1-p \rightarrow \text{sukses} \end{cases}$

Distribusi fungsi

- $P(x) = \frac{e^{-\lambda} \cdot \lambda^x}{x!}$

$\begin{cases} n \geq 20 \text{ dan } p \leq 0,05 \text{ HUBUNGKAN DAN} \\ n \geq 100 \text{ dan } p < 0,1 \text{ LUPALKAN BIKAINA} \end{cases}$

BANAKETA NORMAL

- $X \sim N(m, \sigma)$
- Distribusi fungsi $\rightarrow f(x) = \frac{1}{\sigma \sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(\frac{x-m}{\sigma})^2}$
- Snakes fungsi $\rightarrow F(x) = \int_{-\infty}^x \frac{1}{\sigma \sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}x^2} dx$
- Normal tipifikasi $\rightarrow z = \frac{x-m}{\sigma} \sim N(0, 1)$

LTZ

$f(x)$ aka $f(z)$
BANAKETA NORMAL
 $\begin{cases} M = M_x - 1 \\ \sigma^2 = \sigma_x^2 \cdot n \end{cases}$
VARIAN BERDIKAR ANTEKORAK

LIMITE SENTRAL DAN TEOREMA (LTZ)

- BINOMIALETIK NORMALERA $\rightarrow X \sim b(n, p) \xrightarrow{LTZ} X \sim N(m, \sigma)$
Baloktak $\begin{cases} np \geq 5 \\ nq \geq 5 \end{cases}$
- POISSONETIK NORMALERA $\rightarrow X \sim P(\lambda) \xrightarrow{LTZ} X \sim N(\lambda, \lambda)$
Baloktak $\lambda \geq 5$
- BINOMIALETIK POISSONERA $\rightarrow X \sim b(n, p) \xrightarrow{LTZ} X \sim P(\lambda)$
Baloktak $\begin{cases} p \leq 0,05 \\ n \geq 20 \end{cases}$

LAGINA

- $\bar{X} \sim N(m, \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}})$
- Batas bestekas $\rightarrow \bar{x} = \frac{x_1 + x_2 + \dots + x_n}{n}$
- varianka $\rightarrow S^2 = \frac{(x_1 - \bar{x})^2 + (x_2 - \bar{x})^2 + \dots + (x_n - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}$
- Deskriptor $\rightarrow S = \sqrt{S^2}$
- Tipifikasi $\rightarrow z = \frac{\bar{x} - m}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}}$

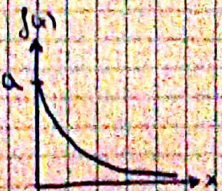
TARTEK

$P(A < X < B) = P(X < A) + P(X > B)$
 $\alpha = \alpha/2 + \alpha/2$
 $[A, B] \rightarrow \alpha = P(X < A) + P(X > B)$

KONFIANSIA TARTEK $\rightarrow P(\bar{x} - \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \cdot z_{\alpha/2} < M < \bar{x} + \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \cdot z_{\alpha/2}) = 1 - \alpha$

BANAKETA ESPONENTIAL

- $X \sim \exp(a)$
- Distribusi fungsi $\rightarrow f(x) = a \cdot e^{-ax}$ NON $\begin{cases} x \geq 0 \\ a > 0 \end{cases}$
- $m = \frac{1}{a}$
- $\sigma^2 = \frac{1}{a^2}$
- Banaka fungsi $\rightarrow F(x) = 1 - e^{-ax}$



2 DIMENSIONAL MOMENTUM

BANAKETA

LIMITE SENTRAL DAN TEOREMA

LTZ

LAGINA

BANAKETA ESPONENTIAL